Zpracování obrazu

- 1. Continuous and discrete representation of 2-D signals (continuous and discrete convolution, Fourier transform, discrete Fourier transform, FFT)
- 2. Signal sampling and quantization (Shannon theorem, sampling in non-rectangular grids, sampling in real systems, aliasing effect, quantization)
- 3. Histogram transforms (definition of histogram, contrast stretching, histogram equalization, 2-D histogram)
- 4. Noise removal (additive noise model, low-pass linear filtering in the space and frequency domains, median filtering, edge-preserving methods), image sharpening
- 5. Image formation model, Inverse filter, Wiener filter
- 6. Identification and restoration of motion blur, out-of-focus blur and turbulence blur
- 7. Edge detection by first-order derivatives (Roberts gradient, Sobel and Prewitt operators)
- 8. Edge detection by second-order derivatives (Laplace operator, Marr-Hildreth theory)
- 9. Image segmentation: Thresholding, edge-based segmentation, segmentation by region growing
- 10. Image matching (correlation-like techniques, template matching, matching of point sets, object-based matching)
- 11. Image registration (control point selection, linear and nonlinear transform models, resampling techniques)
- 12. Image Compression: Lossy and loss-less methods (basic principles), run-length coding, quad trees, transform coding
- 13. Features for description of 2-D shapes (general properties, invariance, visual features, chain codes, shape vector, Fourier transform coefficient features, moment invariants)
- 14. Supervised classification techniques (minimum-distance classifier, k-NN classifier, linear classifier, Bayesian classifier, parameter estimation and training)
- 15. Unsupervised classification techniques (iterative clustering, hierarchical clustering)
- 16. Reduction of dimensionality (Principal component transform, discriminative analysis, criteria of separability, Mahalanobis distance, feature selection strategies)